## **Anthony Travers**

2023

The popular myth of the Tax Haven and the hypocrisy of the EU, the OECD and the FATF

This engaging talk will delve into the multifaceted dynamics between the European Union (EU) and offshore financial centers, shedding light on the profound impact this ongoing struggle has on international finance, taxation policies, and global economic stability.

From 9.55 to 10.20

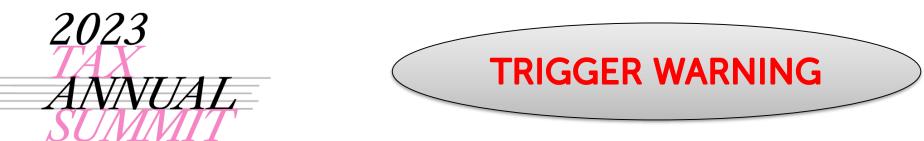
Further details in the agenda.



## The Popular Myth of the Tax Haven and the Hypocrisy of the EU, the OECD and the FATF

ANTHONY TRAVERS O.B.E – Senior Partner, Travers Thorp Alberga





## **Tax Havens of the British Empire** Development, Policy Responses, and Decolonization, 1961-1979

By Kristine Saevold

Thesis for the degree of Philosophiae Doctor (PhD) University of Bergen, Norway 2022



"If the governments of the more sophisticated countries continue to take more power and controls and to impose more and more of a tax burden on their people tax havens will be increasingly busy and the influence of this business will be increasingly felt. There must be a point in the spiral of controls and taxes when either the people will stand no more, or there will be nothing left to tax"

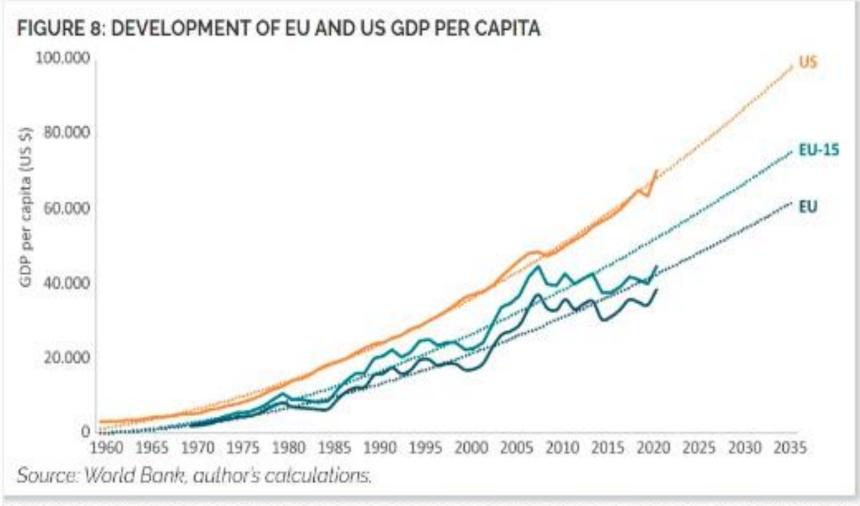




"The central themes of tax haven studies from the 1990s and 2000s were as follows: international tax competition; whitewashing practices; corruptions; transnational crime; financing of terrorism; and shadowing banking – all themes closely related to the low-tax and nontransparent features of tax havens. Tax havens resurged as an issue in the wake of the international financial crisis of 2007 and 2008 due to a failure among states to collect taxes from a wealthy global elite and multinational corporations".





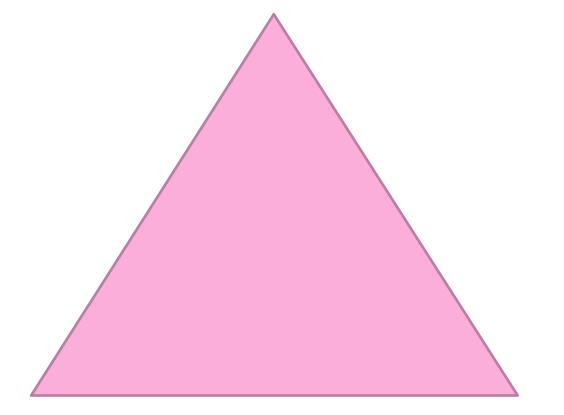


THE **I84I** FOUNDATION

An economy that grows at 3% per year will double in 24 year but an economy that grows at 1% will double at only 48 years – per Dan Mitchell



Welfare Beneficiaries (Old)

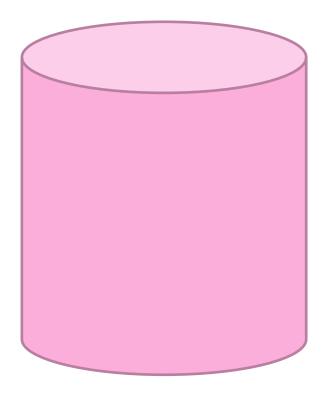


Contributors (Young)





Welfare Beneficiaries (Old)



Contributors (Young)





Blacklists	Date Cayman Listed	Consequences	Status
FATF Non-Cooperative Countries & Territories (NCCT) list	June 2000	Reputational; FATF called for 'special attention' to be paid to business relationships with persons form NCCT countries, but stopped short of adopting 'counter measures'	De-listed June 2001
OECD Tax Haven list	OECD preliminary list issued June 2000; Cayman avoided listing due to the advance commitment given	Subject to OECD 'defensive countermeasures'	Cayman effectively remains 'whitelisted' re its compliance with OECD commitments (TIEAs; CRS; CbCR; BEPS 5)
EU 'Tax NCCT' list	'grey listed' December 2017 (placed on Annex II list); blacklisted Feb 2020 (moved from Annex II list to Annex 1 list)	See attached KPMG explan (includes securitization prohibition)	Removed from Annex 1 October 2020
FATF grey list	Feb 2021	Reputations; susceptible to being rated as a high-risk country under the AML regimes of other countries	Expect to be de-listed October 2023
EU AML blacklist	Jan 2022	High risk triggering EDD under AML rules; + securitization overhang, as prohibition extends to AML blacklisting as well as the Tax NCCT list	Expect to be de-listed in concert with the FATF grey list exit





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Discussion Paper Series nr: 08-12

**Regulating Money Laundering and Tax Havens: The Role of Blacklisting** 

Brigitte Unger Joras Ferwerda



